

## **Discussion Facilitator**

Chad Stuart MS, SMS, CHST Risk & Safety Team

### **Areas of Expertise:**

- Oil & Gas Transmission/Distribution
- Utilities, Foundations & Deep Excavations
- Municipal, Street, Road & Work Zone Risk
- Trucking & Fleet Operations
- Military Facilities
- Environmental Management
- Web-portal Prequalification





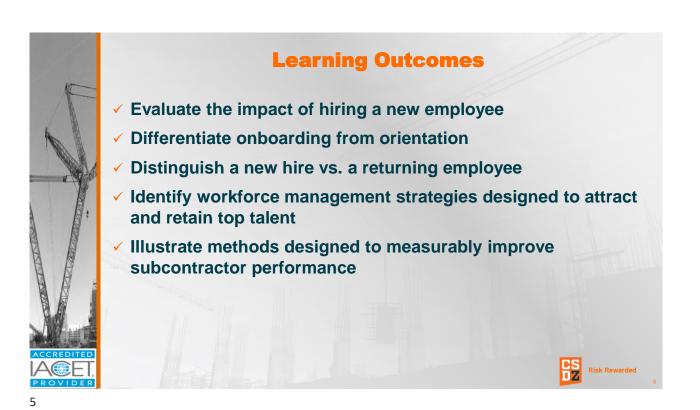






## **Webinar Disclosure**

CSDZ's presenter has no actual or potential conflict of interests concerning any proprietary interests in any product, service, or any other materials presented in this webinar.



## Boundaries for Our Discussion

- ✓ Not going to "Should" on you
- Hiring

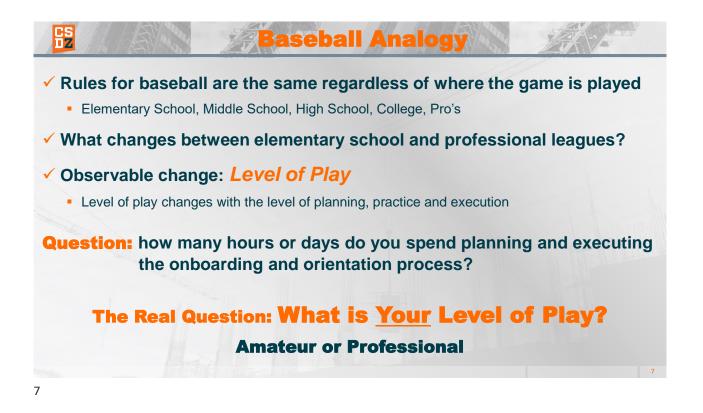
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- Compliance and HR rules
- Not another checklist or template...please
- Use of video or other technology
- Time investment
- Coaching or mentor
  - Program to practice?
- Claims

## **One Rule for Our Discussion:**

- **1.** Be open to possibility
  - Everything must go...









- Wellbeing
- **Coaching**

- **Feedback**
- Accountability







## **Employee Turnover**

## Employee's first 3-months at an organization are the most precarious

 Trying to learn how to do their jobs well, how the organization operates, how they fit within their teams and the company culture

## Half of all hourly workers leave a new job in the first 4 months

- Not only are your new hires deciding whether or not they want to work for your company, but they are deciding whether or not they like the type of job the accepted
- 31% quit their job within 6 months of starting with a new employer
- Half of senior-level outside hires fail within 18 months
- More than 25 percent of the U.S. population experiences some type of career transition each year
  - Unfortunately, many transitions are not successful

### References:

- Onboarding New Employees: Maximizing Success, SHRM Foundation, by Talya N. Bauer, Ph.D
- What People Really Want from Onboarding, BambooHR, by Tori Fica





2016 national data from Bureau of Labor Statistics

- 24% of construction workers are injured during their first year on the job
- Likewise, the BLS notes that the findings are comparable to data in states with similar populations

- In Washington, over the same 2 years, 47.5% of injuries occurred among construction workers who had less than 1 year on the job and 37.1% of the injured had been on a job 6 months or less
- In Ohio, those percentages were 45.6 and 33.6, respectively



## What Does it Cost <u>You</u> to Hire One Employee?

### Data mine your pay apps

- Reduced employee productivity in the weeks leading up to their departure
- Reduced productivity of the employees & supervisor covering departed employee's work
- Reduced quantities, schedule creep between employee's departure and replacement
- Additional labor hours (overtime?) to cover departed employee's work
- Quality issues, rework costs
- Schedule creep, profit fade
- **Budget:** *labor, materials, equipment hours*
- Labor hours of the recruitment and screening candidates
- Labor hours of secondary interviews with line managers, senior executives

- Advertising & postings
- Recruitment specialist fees
- Interview time
- Background check
- Credential verification
- MVR and/or PSP review
- Drug & alcohol testing
- Functional testing
- Labor hours: orientation, training, testing
- Driver road test for company driver
- Assessments: knowledge, skill
- Equipment demonstration







## **Reality Check**

## You become Financially Responsible for New & Returning Employees on Day 1

## **Considerations**

- ✓ What are you hiring <u>or</u> bringing back after separation?
  - Physical capability, range of motion limitations, personal injury, drug use, alcohol misuse, driving record, valid license, criminal record, domestic violence
- Are you ok with the unknowns is the risk acceptable?
  - Business decision to accept risk: Work Comp, auto, employment practice, liability
- Once he/she begins work, the employer becomes financially responsible
  - Aggravate/exacerbate injury, suspended/revoked license, addiction, mental health





## **Records to Assist Separation & Return...or Not**

How are you recording employee performance issues?

- ✓ Risk, safety, compliance
- Performance tracking
- Equipment
- ✓ Fleet
- Client compliant
- Attendance
- Quality of work
- Decision making
- Motivation
- ✓ Efficiency/waste

- ✓ Liability
- Utility damage
- Productivity
- ✓ Schedule
- ✓ Budget
- ✓ Teamwork
- Insubordinate
- Knowledge/skill gap
- ✓ Communication





### **Purpose of Onboarding**

- A managed, proactive process for a new hire to become accustomed to and integrate into an organization to substantially improve her/his ability to understand the culture, blend into a high functioning member of a team, develop meaningful relationships, understand their leadership and, ultimately, perform at their best
- A professional onboarding program includes a detailed orientation process

### **Purpose of Orientation**

Methods focused on assisting new hires to become familiar with the rules, team dynamics, navigate the workspace, site layout, understand and practice organizational policies, procedures, technologies; logistics, equipment, materials, supplies, receive ID, security badges, keys, supplies, alarm codes, tools

# The Bottom Line: provide a coherent process <u>and</u> allocate time for supervisors to engage their new team members



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## **Is Your Onboarding Process Coherent?**

## **Comprehensive & Engaging ... or Irrelevant Information Dump?**

#### First engagement

- Obtain signed job acceptance, confirm start date
- New employee welcome packet, required documents

#### Prepare new hire paperwork

- Tax forms (i.e., W-4 or W-9), all federal & state forms
- Employment agreement, non-disclosure, non-compete
- Legal documents, written acknowledgements
- Employee handbook, benefits literature, EAP

#### Procure devices and equipment

- Computer, cell phone, tablet, job-specific devices
- Access to shared devices (printer, copier, fax, etc.)

#### Set up accounts and create logins

- Intranet, WiFi access, job-specific technology
- Email access, add to notification lists, voicemail set-up
- Submitting timecards, mileage, pay apps, receipts
- Submit request for security clearance (if applicable)

#### Orientation

- Supervisor meeting, crew introduction, project layout
- Define project, job, task expectations
- Vehicle, equipment, tools, cards, badges, other assets
- Training, process, procedures, safety, compliance

#### InDoc program

- History, culture, "WHY" you do things the way you do
- Expectations for you as a member of our team
- Expectations for you as an employee
- Assign a peer mentor, provide routine feedback

#### Schedule routine check-ins

- Obtain onboarding feedback
- Schedule check-ins: 30-day, 60-day, 90-day

## **Employee Engagement**

## Increased Engagement = Reduced Turnover

Level of commitment, loyalty and enthusiasm among employees for their job and their employer – is your new employee satisfied?

High employee engagement is typically correlated with improved job and organization performance, higher retention and lower turnover, improved productivity, reduced safety incidents, reduced absenteeism, and other key business outcomes

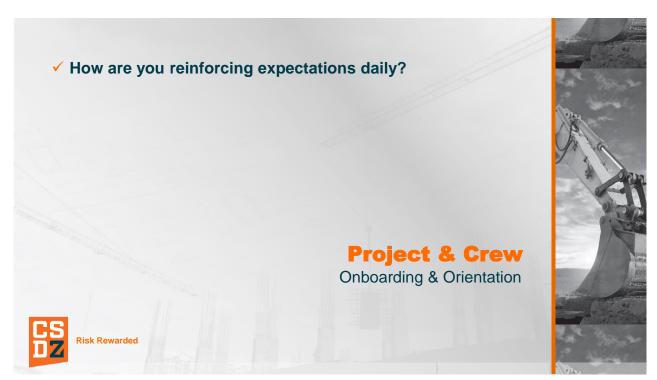
SHRM Foundation's Effective Practice Guidelines

Talya N. Bauer, Ph.D, Onboarding New Employees: Maximizing Succ















## **Never Assume Competency without Assessment**

After an incident, has any one ever heard someone say: "This never would have happened if he/she had some common sense!"





## **Onboarding Goal: Common Understanding**

## Defined, consistent and predictable

- All eyes seeing the same
- All responses are comparable/equivalent
- All actions are performed in a similar manner

## Maintain a technical but practical focus on:

- a) TASK logical sequences...results...necessary precautions
- b) **EQUIPMENT** how to...what will happen...safe operation

## Following onboarding, can each employee answer:

- What do you want me to KNOW?
- What do you need me to DO?



## **Politicking or Managing Contract Expectations?**

## Concern: beholden to a "bad" sub

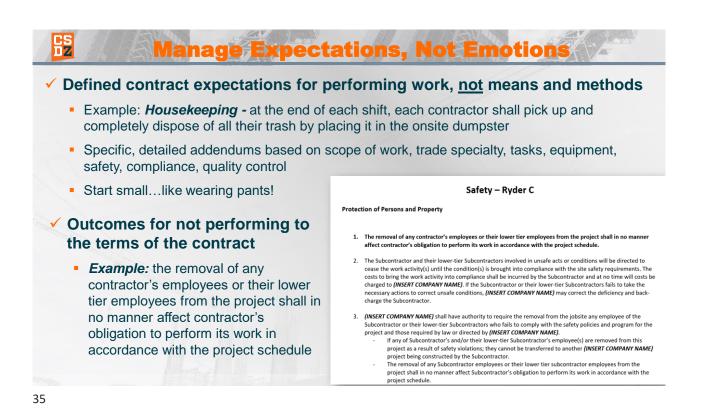
- Are you allowing someone to put you in a position of liability?
  - Failure to comply, failure to perform, responsibility to pay for damages

## What does the contract specifically state?

- How often are you debating or negotiating work rules?
- Buy In trying to "sell" something to someone who doesn't agree with or hasn't agreed to do what your asking them to do...and they don't have to

## Is your process creating cowardice in leadership?

- Are your subs managing you?
- Example: leadership fears speaking to the subcontractor for fear of them leaving or not showing up the next day





## **Orientation Cycle**

1. **Prebid:** each sub receives a copy of the defined expectations for their trade or scope of work to appropriately bid the project

Written acknowledgement by members of the project team

- 2. Bid Award: copy of defined expectations (same as bid phase) given to each contractor awarded a contract
  - Written acknowledgement by members of the project team
- 3. **Mobilization:** before the start of any work, PM, supervisor and crew receive onsite orientation using the same defined expectations signed by the project team at prebid and bid award
  - Written acknowledgement by foremen, superintendent and PM
  - PM and supervisor given a copy of defined expectations

CS		Subcontrac	tor Safety Orientation – Ryder C		TA AND
Proj	ject Name:		Subcontractor Name:		
Sub	ocontractor	Responsibilities			
Initi	ial		r's employees or their lower tier employees from ligation to perform its work in accordance with t		
Initi	ial	directed to cease the work act safety requirements. The costs Subcontractor and at no time v or their lower-tier Subcontract	wer-tier Subcontractors involved in unsafe acts or ivity(s) until the condition(s) is brought into comp i to bring the work activity into compliance shall b will costs be charged to <i>(INSERT COMPANY NAME</i> ors fails to take the necessary actions to correct u by correct the deficiency and back-charge the Sub	liance with the site e incurred by the 5). If the Subcontractor Insafe conditions,	
Initi	ial	the Subcontractor or their low program for the project and th	all have authority to require the removal from the er-tier Subcontractors who fails to comply with th ose required by law or directed by <i>(INSERT COMF</i> nd/or their lower-tier Subcontractor's employee(s	e safety policies and <b>PANY NAME)</b> .	
		project as a result of safet		Subcontractor Co	mpany Executive
		<ul> <li>NAME) project being cons</li> <li>The removal of any Subcorproject shall in no manner the project schedule.</li> </ul>	I have been provided a copy of the (INSERT COMPANY NAME) safety requirements for this project and have read	I have been provided a copy o <b>NAME)</b> requirements for this item listed above. By initialing project requirements.	f the <b>(INSERT COMPANY</b> project and have read each
		<ul> <li>Nothing contained in the optimized in the op</li></ul>	Name (print):	Name (print):	
		immediately removing fro	Date:	Date:	
		Subcontractors whose con		Title:	
		requirement that could re	Signature:		
Initi	ial	The Subcontractor and their Id	contractor and their lower-tier Subcontractors sha		





## 1) History of your organization

- Story of how your organization got to where you are today
- WHY we perform work a certain way and employ specific methods

## 2) Expectations as a team member

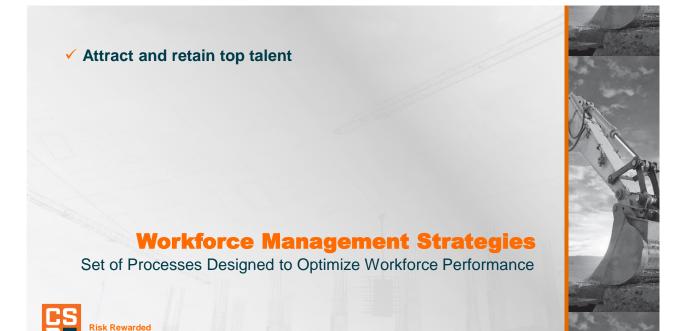
- How work is planned
- How work is performed
- What you can expect to see and be apart of with your team on site
- What you can expect from your supervisor and team leads

## 3) Expectations as an employee

- Based on task, equipment, scope of work
- Compliance and rules
  - Drug/alcohol, safety, attendance, communication, incident reporting, emergency contacts, etc.

## 4) Craftsmanship and pride in work

- Expectations for managing quality
  - Communicating how to accomplish daily goals and prevent rework
    - Organizing your workspace and storage areas
    - Minimizing waste



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## Workforce Management Considerations

- Owner investment & visible support
- Goals & objectives: short & long term
- Accountability: clearly defined expectations
- Onboarding process
- New hire vs. returning employee
- Temporary employees and/or temp-to-hire
- Written job descriptions
- Drug & alcohol testing
- Functional employment testing: WorkSTEPS
- Personality & behavioral testing
- Orientation methods: project, supervisor, crew
- InDoc program: employee & subcontractor
- Employee written acknowledgements
- Policy, program, manual, handbook

- Safety, health and compliance tools
- MVR & PSP review, scoring system
- Driver criteria for qualification/disqualification
- Driver road test: CMV, lowboy, trailer, auto
- Assessment: knowledge, skill, compliance
- Equipment demonstration
- Physical working environment
- Communicating expectations: project, task, quality
- Work planning methods: daily, crew, subcontractor
- Medical triage: WorkPartners
- Defined injury mgt. strategy & RTW program
- Wellbeing initiatives & mental health support
- Feedback & performance review
- Exit interviews





## Written Job Descriptions

### Define the expectations of the position

- Knowledge & Skill know & do?
- Measurable outcomes?

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### Comprehensive list of routine functions

- Flexible assignments or rigid limitations?
- 20 CFR 416.967 Physical Exertion Req'ts
- Broad enough to identify options and opportunities to keep employees working within the normal and routine function
  - Does not have to be HR hiring document, may only be part of Injury Management program
- Written employee acknowledgement
  - Post offer and annually

### 20 CFR 416.967 Physical Exertion Requirements

#### **Sedentary Work**

...lifting no more than 10 lbs. at a time...

#### **Light Work**

...lifting no more than 20 lbs. at a time with frequent lifting or carrying of objects weighing up to 10 lbs.

#### **Medium Work**

...lifting no more than 50 lbs. at a time with frequent lifting or carrying of objects weighing up to 25 lbs.

#### **Heavy Work**

...lifting no more than 100 lbs. at a time with frequent lifting or carrying of objects weighing up to 50 lbs.

#### **Very Heavy Work**

...lifting objects weighing more than 100 lbs. with frequent lifting or carrying of objects weighing  $\geq$  50 lbs.

#### **Construction** Laborer

The construction laborer job function performs a wide variety of tasks and routine functions throughout the day to support construction activities. This position maybe required to work outside in a wide variety weather conditions, including; hot, cold, dry or wet, but also may be required to work inside, as well. The routine functions have a wide range of physical demands ranging from sedentary to very heavy physical exertion requirements. These terms have the same meaning as they have in the Dictionary of Occupational Titles, published by the Department of Labor in 20 CFR 416.967 - Physical Exertion Requirements.

Sedentary Work – Sedentary work involves lifting no more than 10 pounds at a time and occasionally lifting or carrying articles like docket files, ledgers, and small tools. Although a sedentary job is defined as one which involves sitting, a certain amount of walking and standing is often necessary in carrying out job duties. Jobs are sedentary if walking and standing are required occasionally and other sedentary criteria are met.

- Administration and recordkeeping time cards, change orders, material delivery, truck tickets, plan review/verification, scheduling, equipment rental/return, etc.
- On-site traffic control vehicle/equipment: monitoring, tracking, counting, directing, coordination.
  - On-going training and education at home or work location.
  - On-the-job task and equipment training.
     In-person and classroom safety training.
  - On-line safety training.
- Fire watch.
- Flagger and flagging tasks.
- Parts/materials/tools/equipment delivery and/or pickup assisted lifting, no load/unload.
   Pump watch for dewatering operations.
- Pump watch for dewatering operations.
- Spotter for vehicles and equipment utility, overhead lines, backing/close maneuvering, etc. SWPPP observations.
- Utility damage prevention observations, ticket verification/update, locate requests, locate meets.

Light Work – Light work involves lifting no more than 20 pounds at a time with frequent lifting or carrying of objects weighing up to 10 pounds. Even though the weight lifted may be very little, a job is in this category when it requires a good deal of walking or standing, or when it involves sitting most of the time with some pushing and pulling of arm or leg controls. To be considered capable of performing a full or wide range of light work, you must have the ability to do substantially all of these activities. If someone can do light work, we determine that he or she can also do sedentary work, unless there are additional limiting factors such as loss of fine detxerity or inability to it for long periods of time.

- Layout, verification, grading and staking.
- Housekeeping and general clean-up duties indoors and/or outdoors.
- Job site, yards, storage areas, office, fabrication shop, mechanic shop, other work locations
- General material, equipment and tool inventory, tracking and control indoors and/or outdoors.
   Rigging tasks with polyester and nylon straps.

- Site security.
  - Provide main/front gate control station at gate and provide site security.
- Inspections (random and scheduled) for day/night jobsite and building security at job sites, yards, storage areas, offices, fabrication shops, mechanic shops and other work locations.
   Vehicle and equipment inspections, compliance checks and recordkeeping.

Venice and equipment inspections, compliance checks and recordicepting.

Medium Work – Medium work involves lifting no more khan 50 pounds at a time with frequent lifting or carrying of objects weighing up to 25 pounds. If someone can do medium work, we determine that he or she can also do sedentary and light work.

- Adjusting and cleaning tracks on equipment.
- Assist and help carpenters and other trade workers when necessary.
- Floor mounted grinder use and tasks.
- Forklift operation all classes indoors and/or outdoors.
- Hand and power tool use drills, sawzall, hammer drills, etc.
- Handcart use indoors and/or outdoors.
- Material laydown and equipment storage areas: organization and inventory.
- Mixing concrete and mortar in small quantities (5-gallon bucket).
- Pressure washing: job-specific tasks, clean up, equipment, vehicles
   Raking and spreading materials.
- Rigging tasks with chains.
- Shoveling and digging.
- Skid steer operation, inspection, maintenance.
- Torch cutting.
- Unloading/loading materials, equipment and tools.
- Vehicle and equipment preventative/scheduled maintenance.

Heavy Work – Heavy work involves lifting no more than 100 pounds at a time with frequent lifting or carrying of objects weighing up to 50 pounds. If someone can do heavy work, we determine that he or she can also do medium, light, and sedentary work.

- Concrete and mortar activities.
  - Build and place form work for concrete placement.
     Dismantle/strip formwork after concrete placement.
  - Shovel/rake concrete during placement.
  - Move concrete placing equipment.
  - Move and place brick, block and mortar for masonry work.
  - o Grouting.
  - Rubbing/brick finishing.
- Cut off saw use: concrete, asphalt, pipe, metals, etc.

## Functional Employment Testing



Medically safe, legally compliant, scientific and objective means of matching a worker's functional capabilities with the essential functions of the job

## Question: what does WC assume?

Answer: 100% health ✓ Aggravated or exacerbated?

## **Contractor Benefits**

- Historical pre-injury data from tests used as a "baseline" for WC claims
- Testing data assists with claim resolution
- Testing mitigates claim frequency & cost
- Reduction in lost time cases
- Diminished WC fraud/abuse
- Decreased turnover
- Reduced EMR impact & WC premiums
- WorkSTEPS testing helps evaluate physical performance and capabilities post-injury
- WorkSTEPS data helps facilitate methods to reduce employee time-lost due to injury

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## **Drug & Alcohol Testing Compliance**



CI DRUG SCREENING COMPLIANCE INSTITUTE

## 866-775-DSCI (3724)

support@drugscreeningci.com

DSCI assists contractors and other employers, HR professionals, TPA's, manufacturers, safety professionals, MRO's, insurance providers, risk managers, lawyers, service providers with workplace drug and alcohol screening policy, procedure, risk, education, training and compliance.

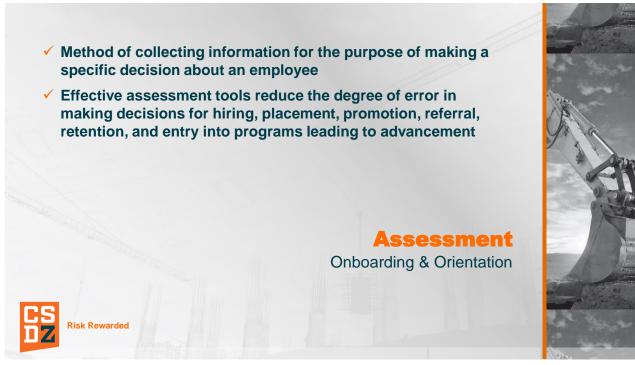
### You <u>may or may not</u> be able to retain the right to a drug-free workplace

 Each contractor should consult with an attorney for specific policy language, limitations and restrictions

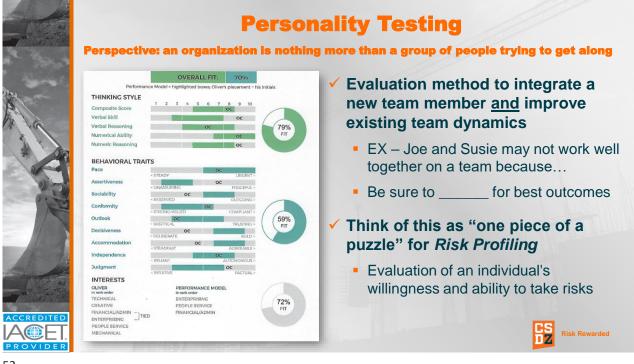
Written policy specific to state(s) of operation – specific addendums?

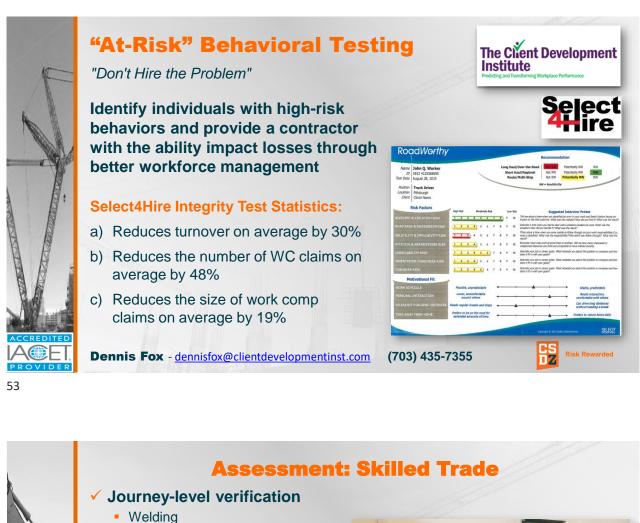
Coverage, prohibited conduct, type, frequency, consequences











- Electrical
- Mechanical/HVAC
- Plumbing
- Mechanics
- Carpentry

Clearly define responsibilities

Reinforce expectations

### Types of assessment:

- Demonstrate problem-solving
- Scenario-based problem/solution
- Use of technology or specialized equipment
- Written or online testing
- Virtual reality





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5	9

	Equipment Operator Evalua - Excavator -	11101	IFU				Equipment Operator Evaluation Form - Excavator -						
	Operator Name: Project:				_		(Refer to Operator's Manual for Specific Recommend	ations	9				
	Mobile Equipment (Make, Model):								·,				
	mone equipment (mate) modely				_		WORKSITE EVALUATION:	YES	FAIR	NO	NA		
							Checks area around work site for obstacles, overhead wires, indicators of	120	17411		191		
	KNOWLEDGE EVALUATION:	Yes	Fair	No	NA		underground lines and pipes						
							Verifies need for and presence of Excavation Permit						
	Understands fueling procedures for equipment and project												
	Familiar with and understands Operator's Manual	1					TRAVELING TO/FROM JOB SITE:	YES	FAIR	NO	NA		
	Understands maintenance/repair procedures (e.g., project reporting, LOTO)	1					Verifies intended travel path is clear of obstructions						
						1000	Maintains appropriate speed						
	PREPARATION:	YES	FAIR	NO	NA	1000	Demonstrates proper use of tracks for turning						
	Wears proper PPE (hardhat, safety glasses/boots, vest)	1					Uses pads/mats when crossing roadways						
	Performs a documented inspection with appropriate checklist	-					Cost plas mail men eressing readings						
	STARTING:	YES	FAIR	NO.	NA		DEMONSTRATES EFFICIENT CONTROL AND USE OF EXCAVATOR DURING	YES	FAIR	NO	NA		
	Conducts 360 walkaround	- 103	TAIN		110		Properly positions vehicles/haul trucks within the work zone for safe, efficient	-					
	Enters equipment with 3 points of contact while facing equipment	+	-		-								
	Fastens seatbelt	+	-				Operation Manipulates all controls without error to accurately move the upperstructure,						
	Starts equipment properly	+	-				bucket and boom in the intended direction						
	Tests steering, brakes, horn, backup alarm (must be audible)	+	-				Operates machine slowly through first few complete digging cycles to warm						
	Checks controls and levers for proper operation	+	-				the hydraulic oil throughout the system						
	Performs functional tests of hydraulics through full range of motion	+	-			1000	Swings upper structure and boom in a smooth, continuous motion from the						
A. other	Shifts transmission smoothly and efficiently	+	-				digging position to the unloading position at the spoil location or into the						
<b>BARE BOILDING</b>	sints dansinssion smoothy and enciency	-					hauling truck						
	DEMONSTRATION OF PROPER EQUIPMENT-SPECIFIC OPERATION:	YES	FAIR	NO	NA		Loads material into haul truck without striking truck and with minimal spillage						
	Refer to page 2 of this form for equipment-specific topics				101		Places excavated material at least two feet from edge of trench/excavation						
	There is plage 2 of this form for equipment spearra topics		-				Maximizes the efficiency of the digging cycle by using several controls	-					
	SHUTDOWN:	YES	FAIR	NO	NA		simultaneously						
A	Attachments to ground; hydraulics released		1.1.1.1	1			Uses the bucket action while retracting the boom to dig and shape a ditch in						
Alt	Proper gear/parking brake set	+	-				one operation						
	Proper engine shutdown procedures	+	-				Maintains an effective grade in cleaned ditches						
	Removes ignition key	+	-				Maintains an even cut and smooth finish in excavations						
	Exits equipment with 3 points of contact while facing equipment	+					Uses appropriate size bucket for task						
	Cleans, secures, inspects, lubricates equipment as appropriate	+				1000	Inspects all quick couplers after changing attachments; verifies and tests						
						1000	Ensures personnel do not enter the swing radius						
						1000	After acknowledging an approaching person, places bucket on ground, hands						
						1000	off controls						
	Signature of Applicant Date Print Name	-				1000							
						1000							
DITED	Performance Accepted By Date Performance Rejected B	Зу		Dat	е								
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7 💶 🖬 🗧	Basis for Rejection:				_	and the second							

Equipment	Daily Checks	Weekly Checks	Monthly Checks	Scheduled Maintenance	
2 TONS & TANDEM TRUCKS	Complete Driver's Inspection Report Reporting Driver completes in p.m. Keviewing Driver completes in a.m. ✓ Backon light ✓ Backup alarm ✓ Clean out trash	<ul> <li>✓ Grease</li> <li>✓ Wash interior &amp; exterior</li> <li>✓ Tire pressure</li> <li>✓ Adjust brakes</li> <li>✓ Complete equipment tracking sheet</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Cab card</li> <li>Insurance card</li> <li>Fire extinguisher/sign off</li> <li>DOT sticker for expiration</li> <li>Accident investigation kit</li> <li>First Aid kit</li> </ul>	Full Preventative Maintenance Every <b>12,000</b> miles / annually	<ul> <li>Fleet manage contact info</li> <li>Out-of-servi</li> </ul>
1 TON TRUCK	Complete Driver's Inspection Report Reporting Driver completes in p.m. Reviewing Driver completes in a.m. · Beacon light · Beacon light · Clean out trash	<ul> <li>Grease</li> <li>Wash interior &amp; exterior</li> <li>Tire pressure</li> <li>Complete equipment tracking sheet</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Cab card</li> <li>Insurance card</li> <li>Turn in IRP / IFTA Trip Sheet (if applicable)</li> <li>Fire extinguisher/sign off</li> <li>DOT sticker for expiration</li> <li>Accident investigation kit</li> <li>First Aid kit</li> </ul>	Full Preventative Maintenance Dieset = every 12,000 miles /annually Gas = Every 6,000 miles / annually	notification ✓ Preferred
DIESEL PICKUPS	Complete Driver's Inspection Report Reporting Driver completes in p.m. Reviewing Driver completes in a.m. * Antirecze * Antirecze * Power Steering * Check Light/Beacon light * Brake Fluid-DO NOT ADD * Clean out trash	<ul> <li>Grease</li> <li>Wash interior &amp; exterior</li> <li>Tire pressure</li> <li>Wash</li> <li>Complete equipment tracking sheet</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Cab card</li> <li>Insurance card</li> <li>Turn in IRP / ITA Trip Sheet (if applicable)</li> <li>Fire extinguisher/sign off</li> <li>DOT sitcker for expiration</li> <li>Accident investigation kit</li> <li>Fist Aid kit</li> </ul>	Full Preventative Maintenance Every <b>12,000</b> miles / annually	<ul> <li>vendors or suppliers</li> <li>Maintenance</li> </ul>
SKID LOADER BACKHOE PLOWS TRENCHERS	<ul> <li>Engine oil</li> <li>Grease</li> <li>Antifrezz</li> <li>Hydraulic fluid</li> <li>Lights' Beacon light</li> <li>Back up alarm</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Wash</li> <li>Air filter</li> <li>Hose condition</li> <li>Tire pressure &amp; condition</li> <li>Complete equipment tracking sheet</li> </ul>		Full Preventive Maintenance Every 250 hours / annually John Deere Backhoes under service agreement with RDD Equipment Every 500 hours / annually	approval process ✓ Recordkeep
DOZER TRACKHOE	<ul> <li>Engine oil</li> <li>Grease</li> <li>Antifrezze</li> <li>Hydraulic fluid</li> <li>Lights/ Bacon light</li> <li>Back up alarm</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>✓ Wash</li> <li>✓ Air filter</li> <li>✓ Hose Condition</li> <li>✓ Complete equipment tracking sheet</li> </ul>		Full Preventive Maintenance Every <b>250</b> hours / annually	



## **Training Temporary Agency Employees**

## **Temporary/Leased Employees & Temp-to-Hire Services**

**Contractual agreement:** clearly define the responsibility for providing assessment, compliance training, equipment qualification, etc.

# OSHA has issued several letters of interpretations about training temporary employees

Basically, it's a shared responsibility for assuring employees are adequately trained

**Operating Equipment:** temporary agency or contracting employer may conduct the training and evaluation of operators from a temporary agency as required by the standard - e.g. forklift

Site-specific Information & Training: employer entering into a contract with the temp agency <u>must</u> provide on the use of particular types of equipment and workplace-related topics, which are present



CS DZ

## **Negligent Entrustment**

- Allowing an employee to drive a company vehicle when the employer knows or should reasonably have known the employee is unlicensed, incompetent, reckless or unsafe
  - May apply to operating construction equipment

### Liability may extend to employees who use their own personal vehicles to conduct company business

- EXAMPLES of non-owned auto liability:
  - A. Travel between work sites
  - B. Offsite work meetings
  - C. Deliver company tools or materials to a project
  - D. Pick up lunch for a meeting
  - E. Drive to the airport for business travel

### Investigations Typically focus on Program to Practice

- A. Documented and communicated driver safety policies
  - Driver eligibility
  - Defensive driving
  - Distracted driving, drowsy/impaired driving
  - Seat belt use
  - Inspections and maintenance
  - Accident reporting and investigation
  - Ongoing training

#### **B.** Active enforcement of those policies

- Monitoring driver behaviors: Cell-phone blocking apps, cameras/AI, telematics, "How's My Driving?", etc.
- Timely feedback and coaching
- Consistently applied discipline



## **Onboarding: Identify, Select & Qualify Drivers**

### As a company, you have a responsibility to ensure that only licensed, competent, and safe drivers are behind the wheel

• To fully understand your vehicle and driver exposures, you must recognize an respond to who is driving on your behalf

## **Driver Selection & Qualification Process**

### Identify tools to help you assess driver performance

 Interview, background check, MVR, PSP, road test, D&A testing, entry level driver training, DOT physical, defensive driving training

## Define criteria for "acceptable" driving records

- How do you handle "borderline" or "unacceptable" drivers?
  - Answer: get him/her a chauffeur, non-driver position, reassignment, re-training, probation, withdraw job offer, termination



## **MVR for Driver Selection & Qualification**

# A driver's MVR defines past driver behavior and can predict potential future accident exposure.

- MVR Vendors are NOT created equal you get what you pay for
- National Search Ability & "Change of Status" Notifications

### **MVR review requirements and frequency**

- CDL's are required by FMCSA
- Initial upon hire, annual, periodic updates on performance

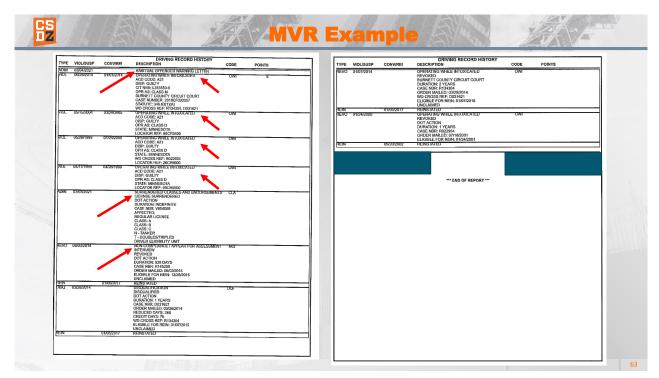
### Non-DOT (unregulated) vs. DOT Drivers (regulated)

- DOT establishes specific criteria to qualify or disqualify a driver to operate a company CMV
- Non-DOT drivers, company has the latitude to determine their own driver qualification criteria
  - There is a liability exposure for "weak" qualification criteria

## MVR may not show all CMV violations

Pre-employment Screening Program (PSP)







## **Example: MVR Scoring & Disqualification Criteria**

Company MVR review process uses previous 24-months of driving history

Type - A	Type - B	Type - C	Type - D	REMEDIAL ACTION (based on cumulative points)
Ineligible for Hire or Termination of Employment	Permanent Non-Driver	15-points	5-points	10 POINTS = In-house defensive driving course provided by the Safety Department
DWI in Company Vehicle	Homicide in a Non-Company Vehicle	DWI in a Non-Company Vehicle	Failure to stop <u>or</u> yield	15 POINTS = Employee meets with their Manager and the Safety Department, and the Manager issues a documented Verbal Warning, which is sent to th Human Resources Department. In-house defensive driving course me be requested if not already issued (above for 10)
Homicide in a Company Vehicle		Careless/Reckless Driving in Any Vehicle	Improper Lane Change	20 POINTS = Defensive Driving Class at employee's expense, and the Manager issues a documented Written Warning, which is sent to the Human Resources Department.
Eluding Police in a Company Vehicle		Driving with a Revoked License in Any Vehicle AND subject to a four-week suspension without pay	Seat Belt Violation	25 POINTS = Company driving privileges are discontinued, and may be subject to termination.
Not Reporting an Accident in a Company Vehicle		Eluding Police	Speeding	It doesn't have to be
Failure to Comply with the Accident Drug Testing Policy			All other minor moving violations	fancy or complicated to be effective
				CS DZ Risk Rewarded





PRE-EMPLOYMENT SCREENING PROGRAM Making roads safer—one hire at a time.

## **FMCSA** Data:

https://www.psp.fmcsa.dot.gov/psp

 Companies using PSP to screen new hires lower their crash rate by 8% and driver out-of-service rates by 17%, on average, compared to those not using PSP

PSP helps motor carriers make more informed hiring decisions by providing secure, electronic access to a commercial driver's 5-year crash and 3-year inspection history from the FMCSA Motor Carrier Management Information System (MCMIS).

 Records are available for commercial drivers, motor carriers, and companies conducting pre-employment screening for the carrier industry.



				Driver	Informatio	on					
_ast Name	First	t Name		Lice	ense #			;	State		
									VA		
								- <b>+</b> -	NY		
			Crash Activity	y (5 year hist	ory from N	ICMIS snapsh	hot dat	e)			
Crash Summary (Cra	shes listed repre	sent a driver	's involvement	in FMCSA-re	portable c	rashes, witho	out any	determination as	to responsibi	lity.)	
	# of Crashes: 4		# of crashes	with Fatalities:	1		# of C	rashes with Injuries:	3	# of Tow	waways: 3
	Not preventable 1			# of Fatalities:	1			# of Injuries:	4	# of Hazmat Re	eleases: 0
Crash Details (Crash	es listed represe	nt a driver's	involvement in	FMCSA-repo	rtable cras	shes, without	any de	etermination as to	responsibility	r.)	
Date D	OT # Carrier	Name	Driver Name	Drive Lic	State	Driver DOB	Rpt St	Rpt Number	Location	# Fatalities	# Injuries
1				1					166 EB .5M E RT 29	0	1
2								-	1 405 NB	1	2
ROW 2	REVIEWED - NOT	PREVENTABL	E - FMCSA REVIE	EWED THIS CR	RASH AND D	DETERMINED T	THAT IT	WAS NOT PREVEN	TABLE.	1	L
3									1 87 NB	0	1
4								-	1 95 SB	0	0
			nspection Activ	/ity (3 year hi	istory from	n MCMIS snap	oshot d	late)			L
nspection Summary											
Driv	er Summary			Vehicle	Summary				Hazmat Summ	ary	
Driver Inspections:		4	Vehicle Inspection	ns:			4	Hazmat Inspections:			0

Inspec	ction De	etails										
Carrier Info				Driver Info	Driver Info							
	Date	DOT #	Carrier Name	Driver Name	Drive Lic	State	Driver DOB	Rpt St	Rpt Number	Hazmat Insp	Insp Level	# of Viol
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		Vehicle Violation:	393.47(e)	CLAMP/ROTO TYPE BRAKE(S) OUT-O	F-ADJUSTMENT	NC	0N-00S					
		Vehicle Violation:	393.95(f)	NO/INSUFFICIENT WARNING DEVICES	S	NC	N-OOS					
2								VA		N	1	1
		Vehicle Violation:	393.42(a)	INOPERATIVE OR MISSING BRAKE	•	00	DS – This violatio	n does NOT apply	r to			
3								CA		N	1	1
		Co-Driver Violation	393.45	Brake tubing and hose adequacy		NC	N-OOS - This v	iolation does NOT	apply to			
4					-			WA		N	1	3
		Driver Violation:	392.5(a)(2)	DRIVING UNDER THE INFLUENCE		00	DS					
		State Cita	tion#: TX568552	State Citation Result: Convicted of	of different charge							
		Driver Violation:	395.3(a)(3)(i)	DRIVING BEYOND 11 HOUR RULE		00	DS					
Violati	ion Sun	nmary										
Vio	lation #			Descripti	on				# of Viola	tions	# of Out-of-sei Violations	
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	TEST – Driver Evaluat			-	DRIVER ROAD TEST - Lowboy Evaluation						
	TEST - Driver Evaluat	on	_ ✓	Proper use	DRIVER INFORMATION		200000, 21000000				
DRIVER INFORMATION					Driver's Name:			_			
Driver's Name:	e: Date: Location: Position:				Driver's Name:	De	te: Location:	Position:			
Type of License:  Commercial  Non-Commercial	If Commercial, What Class of CDL:		_ ✓	Inspection	Make and Model of Lowboy:						
Non-Commercial Literse Test Vehicle:	CDL Manual Transmission Test Vehicle:				Evaluator's Name:	Ex	aluator's Signature:				
FMCSA Med Card 15 Required for All Road Tests. Does the Driver Have a	Mad Card? E Ver E No (May Not Tart)	Med Card Expisation Date:			POWER SUPPLY OPTIONS						
			_ √	Maintenance	1. Driver Identifies the Power Supply Option of I DETERMINING LOAD LIMITS and		et Alt or Combination Wet / Self Contained	PASS	Retrain		
Driver's Signature: INSPECTION and DOCUMENTATION	Evaluator's Signature:			Maintonanoo			AWR & Knows the Definition / Application of Each	PASS	Retrain		
1. Driver Demonstrates Review of Previous Day's Post Trip Driver's V	which Inspection Report	NA PASS Retrain			2. Driver Can Correctly Calculate Available Can			E PASS	Retrain		
2. Inspection - Engine Compariment		NA PASS Retrain	- 🗸	DVIR recording	3. Driver Demonstrates How to Accurately Dete			PASS	Retrain		
3. Inspection - Vehicle Front & Front Axle		N/A PASS Retrain	- T.	DVIRTECOLUTIN	4. Driver Demonstrates How to Verify Any Spec	cial Permit Height and Weight	Compliance Limitations	PASS	Retrain		
4. Inspection - Air Brake and Parking Brake Test		N/A PASS Retrain			8. Driver & Evaluator Review Q3 Contracting's I	PASS	Retrain				
5. Inspection – Inside Vehicle		N/A PASS Retrain	1	Troilor Coupling	INSPECTION						
6. Inspection - Webtitle Stidles 💿 NVA 🗋 PASS 🗋 Retrain			•	Trailer Coupling	AIR LINES	PASS Retra	DEDITIONS AND ADDRESS AND ADDRESS ADDR	PASS			
7. Inspection - Vehicle Rear & Rear Asia(b) 🔲 PASS 📑 Retrain					ELECTRICAL LINES & CONNECTIONS	PASS Retri		PASS	Retrain		
8. Inspection – Volicie Lights & Reflectors			1	Dealer tracts	HYDRAULIC HOSE&	PASS Retri		PASS	Retrain		
8. Inspection - Coupling Device			<ul> <li>V</li> </ul>	Brake tests	BRAKE CHAMBERS	PASS Retro		PASS	Retrain		
10.         Inspection – Trailer Activ(k) & Frame         ID         NMA         IP ASS         IR Aprain           11.         Inspection – Trailer         ID         NMA         IP ASS         ID         Retrain					BRAKE DRUM & BOTOR CONSPICUITY TAPE	PASS Betra		PASS	Retrain		
				DECKING	PASS Betra		PASS	Retrain			
13. Driver Demonstrates Coupling and Unooupling of Vehicle and Trai			<ul> <li>✓</li> </ul>	Air brake safety	DOT PAPERWORK & ANNUAL INSPECTION	PASS Retri		PASS	Retrain		
14 Driver Demonstrates How to Inspect Secure & Test a Topler's Finance		NA PASS Retain		7 III brance baroty	FRANE	PASS Retra		PASS	Retrain		
14. Driver Demonstrates Load Securement of Naterials and Eaukonent	dency breakaway steam	NA PASS Retrain			LIGHTS & REFLECTORS	PASS Betra	in TIRES & VALVE STEMS	PASS	Retrain		
<ol> <li>Driver Demonstrates Load Sectivement of Internals and Education 16. Driver Demonstrates Completion of PRE-TRIP Driver's Vehicle Int.</li> </ol>	name of the second	NVA PASS Retrain	./	Load securement	PREVENTATIVE MAINTENANCE						
17. Driver Demonstrates Initial Set-up & Completion of Daily Logbook	(For TRACTOR/TRAILER UNITS ONLY)	N/A PASS Retrain	•	Load Securement	1. Routine and Preventative Maintenance Stars	PASS	Retrain				
18. Driver Demonstrates Completion of IRPATA Trip Sheet	OF APPLICABLE to DRIVER and STATE)	NA PASS Retain			2. Tire Pressure and Tread Depth     3. Measuring Brake Stroke on Stack Adjusters	PASS	Retrain				
DRIVING SKILLS TEST			/	The second secon	3. Measuring Brake Stroke on Stack Adjusters OPERATION			PASS	E Retran		
f. Skill Test - Tarming		🔲 N/A 🔲 PASS 🔲 Retrain	_ ✔	Load height / weight	1. Coupling & Un-coupling Trailer from Power U	init		PASS	Retrain		
2. Skill Test – Expressway Driving		N/A PASS Retrain		0 0	2. Engages & Disengages the Power Supply			PASS	Betrain		
3. Skill Test - Parking / Roadslide Stop		N/A PASS Retrain			3. Detaching the Trailer Bed			PASS	Retrain		
4. Skil Text – Railroad Crossing		NA PASS Retain	_ √	Straight line backing	4. Outrigger / Extension Bracket Set-up & Open	ation, Required Dimensional	Lumber, Manufacturer's Limitations	PASS	Retrain		
<ol> <li>Skill Text – Stopping the Vehicle</li> </ol>		🖬 N/A 🔲 PASS 🔲 Retrain		orrangine into baorang	5. Loading & Unloading Equipment	PASS	Retrain				
<ol> <li>Skil Test – Intersections</li> </ol>		N/A PASS Retrain			6. Load Securement, Determining Load Weight,	PASS	Retrain				
7. Skill Test - Straight Line Backing		N/A PASS Retrain	1	Curved path backing	7. Re-attaching the Trailer Bed			PASS	Retrain		
8. Skill Test - Carved Path Backing		N/A PASS Retrain		Curved pair backing	AUTOMATIC DISQUALIFICATION	4		-			
	8. Skill Test – Mountain Driving				List Automatic Disgualification:						
	10. Skill Test – Height & Weight Limits		1	Enclose a state baseling				T YES	I ND		
11. Driver Demonstrates Accurate Location and Placement of Entergency Triangees     12. Driver Demonstrates Completion of POST-TRIP Driver's Walicie Inspective Report     12. Driver Demonstrates Completion of POST-TRIP Driver's Walicie Inspective Report     13. Driver Demonstrates Completion of POST-TRIP Driver's Walicie Inspective Report		V	Emergency brake				L 165	<b>1</b> 110			
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FINAL EVALUATION of DRIVER ROAD TEST	rour cygnicaoid Statiua	PASS FAIL	~	Logging & eLogs	Copy of Operations / Maintenanc			Datas			
THOSE COMEONTON OF DRIVER ROAD TEST		TAIL TAIL			Driver's Name:	Driver's	s Signature:	Date:			





## **Employees Want to Hear from You**

## What methods do you use to provide timely, consistent feedback to your employees?

Recognition/feedback consistently ranks in the top 3 things employees want from their employer about their work and contribution

#### FOCUS: if

### \_ is so important, then how am I doing now?

- Goals
- Quality & Workmanship
- Initiatives
- Project Performance
- Risk & Safety •

- Fleet & Equipment
- Feedback considerations:
- Program to practice mentor or coaching strategy
- 30 60 90 day reviews

- Budget
- Schedule
- Mentor / Coach





## **Exit Interviews are Valuable**

### Is your company ready to learn from the experience and willing to change?

## If you're not convinced of the value of an exit interview, consider:

### A. Employees are more honest during an exit interview

They don't have to worry about losing their job, so they speak freely

### B. Ask about specific areas of concern

- Project management, maintenance, equipment, vehicle, risk and safety, communication, on-boarding, training, field supervisors, job conditions
- Confirm/verify actual events, processes, relationships

### C. Identify gaps in salary, benefits and other "perks"

 Try to determine how your business compares with others, particularly if the employee is leaving based on salary considerations or other perks

### D. End things on a positive note

Well-conducted exit interviews help ensure the last contact with your company is positive and, in the future, they may be more likely to recommend your company to new employees or other business connections



A. Evaluate the impact of hiring a new employee
B. Differentiate onboarding from orientation
C. Distinguish a new hire vs. a returning employee
D. Identify workforce management strategies designed to attract and retain top talent
B. Illustrate methods designed to measurably improve subcontractor performance
In Closing... Choboarding & Orientation

